

THE CAR CONDUCTOR.

Hodern Methods Have Not Operated to Make His Job Easier.

It used to be a comparatively easy job to be the conductor of a horse car in New York city, for the reason that all he had to do was to collect fares, take passengers on and let them off. Of course a man sarned his money before the day was out but he very seldom had an especially hard time doing it. Now the new and involved system of transfer tickets makes life a burden to the men who stand all day on the tail ends of cars.

"It just makes me tired," said a con-ductor to a reporter. "It's doggone near to bein a double in powerful.

ductor to a reporter. "It's doggone near to bein a double job nowadays. A fellow has to carry one pecket loaded down with a big slab of transfer slips that's got to be punched, and he gets his other pocket full of the transfer slips he takes in. It wouldn't be so bad if pretty nearly every second man and woman wasn't a blamed idiot and insisted on foldin up the transfers they get. We've got to smooth 'em all out and put 'em in a nice, neat bundle to hand in at the end of the trip.

That's only the beginnin of it too. Scott, it ain't anywhere near the Every ticket that's handed us we've got to look over and see that it's punched right and O. K., for if some fellow works off one on us that's about a week old and ain't good en our line anyway we get rats at the office the next day. I tell you any man who can look out for his car durin the rush hours, start her up and start her all right, take care of the cranks and remember the streets that people want to get off at ought to get more than \$2 a day. He could run any railroad train in the country after he's been through this mill.
"You see, we've got to keep track of so many things. Every block or two we've got to poke our heads in the car and holler, "Transfers for such and such a street." Then punchin up the tickets is no joke for when the cars are crowded it's easy to make a mistake, and when you've punched about 150 of 'em your wrists got all fired fired. The whole business gives us just about twice the work it used to, and there anott whee the work a deed to, and there and t a blanked cent more pay. I'm gottin sick to death of it, but it' I quit my job there'd be 100 ready to jump at my place."—New York World.

A NEW WRINKLE FOR SMOKERS.

Wet Your Brier Wood Pipe, and It Will Last Twice as Long.

"Shall I wet it for you?" asked the cigar store man who had just sold a brierwood

pipe. "Ye-es," said the customer, handing the pipe over. "But, say, that's a new one or me. What's the idea of wetting it?"

pipe over. "But, say, that's a new one on me. What's the idea of wetting it?"

The eigar store man by this time had the pipe under the water faucet and was driving water through it at a great rate.

"I learned that," he said, "from a pipe manufacturer. This first wetting makes a brier pipe last twice as long as it would otherwise. The reason is that the wood is very dry. This pipe here has been in the store six months, maybe a year. It was very dry when we got it, and of course it's drier now. Well, it stands to reason that when fire is applied to the wood, the pipe will char quickly, and once it begins it burns through in a short time. Now, a good soaking like I'm giving this pipe dampens the wood. The wood absorbs a great deal of the water, and it won't burn so easily. After four or five pipefuls of easily. After four or five pipefuls of tobacco have been smoked there is very little danger of the pipe burning except at the moment it is being lighted. Always remember to light your tobacco, and not

cigar store man let the pipe soak for four or five minutes, wiped it out and handed it to the customer.—New York

A Playwright to Be Surprised.

Hoax-Jagley claims to have written a play that will make everybody talk. Joax-What's he done that for? The box parties alone are bad enough now .-Philadelphia Record.

'Un and Off' à Donkey.

When we were boys, our first lessons in riding were taken on and off the back of a donkey. He was a creature of changeable but, on the whole, amiable disposition. but, on the whole, amiable disposition. When his temper gave way before the trials to which we subjected it, we took many lessons in that gentle art of falling off, which is so useful a supplement to the science of riding, as more generally understood. We can make this avowal without any sanse of shame now for it. without any sense of shame now, for it happened once on a day forever memora-ble that our donkey kicked off our riding master himself, in all his glory of boots Joe, the coachman's boy, declared all

our theory of donkoy riding to be incor-rect, and it is significant that, though the donkey could kick off the riding master, boots and breeches and all, it entirely fail-ed to shake Jos from his sort by sort file. ed to shake Joe from his seat by any of its antics. But then Joe's method was entirely different from that of the riding master's. It was indeed so simple as master's. It was indeed so simple as scarcely to deserve the name of method, being contained in the single precept that you should sit as near the tall of the ani-mal as possible. That was the sum total of his theory of donkey riding, and it worked to perfection in practice. Our uncle, who was in the navy, explained the mechanics of Joo's style of riding nautical-ly. "It's as plain as a pikostaff," said he, ly. "It's as plain as a pikestair," said ne, "that when you've got all the weight in the stern the craft isn't likely to go down by the head."—Macmillan's Magazine.

An OM Chateau.

Above a gateway in a high park wall hung a rusty chain, and this being pulled caused a bell to give forth a sepulchral sound. A surprised gardener, after a long delay, let the carriage in, which toiled up through a tangled thicket of vegetation till it stopped before a handsome perron. The vet the sun rooms were of fine proportion. light streaming by the great windows and the glorious prospect of river and valley did not drive away a chilly feeling, which would have been more appropriate to a vis it to a mausoleum on a November even ing. Up stairs there was a stately cham-ber with an old engraving on the wall rep-resenting the birth of the Duc de Bordeaux, and on a gueridon stood a faded photograph, signed, "Philippe Comte de

In one corner was a bale of The Gazette de Franco, and while we were wondering why for months the wrappers of that re-spectable Royalist organ had not been broken and why they had been brought of a bedroon, the gaunt wife of the gardener, pointing to the dust laden baldaquin, croaked, "Le lit ou madame la marquisc est morte." Then we recognized the pre valling odor of disinfectant, and we under stood the rows of medicine bottles on the parquet, and the unopened newspapers and all the erst. We fled from that haunted chateau down to the Loire, rolling toward Saumur beneath a sky of blue.—Blackwood's Magazine.

A Model Country.

In Iceland there are neither prisons, soldiers, drunkenness nor police. Colonized in 874, it soon after became independent, and its isolated position, far away from the beaten track of ocean commerce, has preserved its population from many of the vices which seem almost inseparable from a high state of commercial prosperity and extensive intercourse with the rest of man-

Not So Alarming as That.

She (calmly)-I think there is a burglar in the house. Listen!

He—Oh, that's a mouse you hear!

She (excitedly)—William, why do you seek to play upon my fears that way? You know it isn't a mouse!—Detroit Tribune.

Several species of sea anemone can form their jellylike bodies into boats and float on the surface of the water, propelling themselves with their antenna

The flowers of some sensitive plants are as sensitive as the leaves.

WHEN VIRTUE LOST.

A STORY TO PROVE THAT RIGHT DOES NOT ALWAYS COME UPPERMOST.

A Remarkable Tale of Love and Tragedy In a Southern Town-The Fatal Work of Two Bullets Fired by Enraged Rivals. The End of a Foolish Girl.

A Star reporter was one of a group in k hotel lobby the other evening and a New York drummer had just finished a story on the old line of virtue triumphing and the villain of the plot getting his just dues this side of the hot place. when a Kentucky congressman took the

"That sort of thing," he said, "is well enough in books and on the stage and I am willing to agree that it happens in actual life, but not always. Let me cite an instance to the contrary

There being no objection to the citation, the Kentuckian, after casting his

eye over the company, proceeded:
"Years ago, in a southern town," he said, "there lived a pretty girl with a lot of money—a combination no man can deny the power of-and she had sweethearts galore, but two of her devotees, one quite a reputable man and the other quite as disreputable, and after her more for her money than herself, led all the rest, and both of them were nervy men and quick on the trigger. Any sensible person would have thought that the girl would have decided very early as be-tween the good and the bad, but every one knows that women don't do that way in matters of the heart.

"I will say for her, though, that her preferences were for the decent man and he stood the best chance of winning among all of the contestants. His disreputable rival, however, received more or less encouragement and he was making a hot fight—so hot, in fact, that on one or two occasions the men had come to blows and once, at least, pistols had been drawn. The girl was foolish, as other women have been under like circumstances and extractions. cumstances, and rather enjoyed the position she occupied, and felt flattered by the dangerous rivalry for her hand and heart. One day, though, it culminated tragically, and the girl didn't regret it, that anybody ever heard her mention, If was in the afternoon and a pleasant day and the two rivals met unexpectedly, just across the street from her house, and each on his way to call on her.

'The girl lived on a corner and they were approaching from different streets and almost butted into each other at the crossing. That was hardly the place to have it out, but they were hot blooded and young and on the instant two men jumped back from each other a few feet, two pistols flew from two hip pockets, two sharp reports rang out upon the air, and one man fell to the sidewalk dead. And it wasn't the bad man either. On the contrary, it was the reputable one, and there was a bullet hole straight through his forehead. The bad man's shot had preceded the other just enough, and the decent man's pistol went off as he threw up his hands. Five minutes later the whole street was in an uproar, and the bad man was in custody. The other man was carried over to the girl's house, for it was not known then that he was dead, and a physician was called. Half an hour later the dead body was removed to an undertaker's, and that part of the tragedy was over.

"During all the excitement, the girl had not made her appearance, and as soon as the air quieted a little search was made for her, because it was known that she had been in the house shortly before the shooting. Her mother went directly to her room, and when she opened the door, she saw her daughter sitting at the window, or rather leaning upon a flower shelf on the window sill, and her first thought was that the girl had seen the shooting and had fainted. She ran to her and lifted her up and as she did so she found her face bloody and the girl's body almost stiff. She ran, screaming, out, and when the doctor came he found a dead girl with a bullethole in her head.

"Further examination showed a hole in the glass of the window, and the whole story was told. The girl had been sitting there, and had no doubt seen the meeting of the two men, and the bullet from the killed man's pistol had reached her there and ended her life at the same time the life of the man she would have married went out. Of course it was self defense in the case of the man who escaped his rival's bullet, and it was the rival's bullet which killed the girl, and the rival was beyond any earthly jurisdiction. The affair ended there with nothing good in triumph, except a public sentiment which compelled the killer to stay away from the town for five or six years.'

'Didn't he even meet a violent death or something like that?" inquired the drummer, thirsting for some trace of the usual in the tale."

"No," replied the Kentuckian. "not even that. His uncle died and left him a fine farm, and he found a very nice girl who was willing to marry him."

The drummer sighed and didn't offer to cap the Kentuckian's story with a better one .-- Washington Star.

Better Work Every Day.

We ought never to be willing to live any year just as we lived the last one. No one is striving after the best things who is not intent on an upward and a forward movement continually. The circular movement is essential, too-the going around and around in the old grooves, daily tasks-yet even in this treadmill round there should be constant progress. We ought to do the same things better each day. Then in the midst of the outward routine our inner life ought to be growing in earnestness, in force, in depth. —J. R. Miller.

Couldn't Find It.

"How is it I never see you killing time?" asked an idle person.

"I can't find the time," said the busy man in perfect innocence. - Indianapolis Journal.

WANDERERS.

We followed the path of years
And walked for awhile together
Through the hills of hope and the vale of
fears,
Sunned by laughter and washed by tears
In the best and the worst of weather,

Till we came to a gloomy wood,
Where our steps were forced asunder
By the twisted, tangled trees that stood,
Meeting above like a frowning hood,
With a world of darkness under.

And whenever by chance we met In the woodland's open spaces, We were bruised and tattered and soiled

With much to pity, forgive, forget, In our scarred and dusty faces.

Well, it was long ago,
And the leaves in the wood are falling,
As we wander wearily to and fro,
With many a change in our hearts, I know,
But still I can hear you calling.
—Arthur J. Legge in London Sun.

THE HAT TRICK.

the Merchants' Exchange Jokers Worked It Upon a Visitor.

A large, good looking and evidently good natured man walked into the exchange room in the board of trade building the other day and was soon an interested, not to say anxious, spectator of what is known on 'change as "the hat trade."

The large man wore a glossy new derby

A member of the exchange walked up to him, neatly lifted the hat off his head, and in a moment the newcomer saw what he supposed was his hat flying across the

It had been propelled by a kick. eral others made a rush at it, and it was sent hither and thither like a football.

The man looked on in amazement.

Presently the hat came his way, and he selzed it. He gave the now dilapidated seized it. He gave the new dilapidated headgear a brush or two with his elbow, looked it over dubiously, then put it on and started hurriedly for the exit.

Before he could make his escape the hat was again seized and again became the center of a rush.

center of a rush.

Once more the man got the hat, clapped it on his head and was rushing away when he was intercepted by the man who had originally taken it from the visitor's

With great politoness the joker handed over the visitor's own hat, as glossy and perfect as if it had just come from the hatter's block, and took the old hat in re-

The visitor's surprise increased. The visitor's surprise increased. He scrutinized the new hat. It was certainly his. Then he joined in the general laugh. He had simply been initiated into the mysteries of the board of trade hat trick, the first point in which is a bit of sleight the district of the district of the state of of hand work by which hats are changed, and the stock hat, kept for the purpose, is kicked into the ring of jokers.—Buffalo Commercial.

How the Blood Moves In the Veins.

The principal cause of the movement of the blood in the veins is what the physiologists refer to as "the pressure from behind." By this is meant the capillary circulation or a movement of the blood caused by the constant pumping action of the heart, which forces the current into and through the veins.—To prevent the engorgement of the veins—that is, to prevent their becoming so filled with blood that their resistance would counterbalance the pressure from the arteries—each pulsation of the heart by emptying the right vanticle allows a part of the blood even ventricle allows a part of the blood accumulated in the veins to be removed. In this way the backward resistance in the voins is kept inferior to the pressure in the arterial circulation. The venous circulation is also greatly aided by the action of the voluntary muscles. It is a well known fact that when a muscle contracts it thickthe that when a muscle contracts it thick-ens and becomes diminished in length. The effect of this lateral swelling is to compress the veins lying between the mus-cles, thus forcing the blood forward. Anoles, thus forcing the blood forward. An-other peculiarity is the half moon shaped other pechiarity is the half moon shaped valves with which the veins are well provided. These "semilunar" valves open only toward the heart, making any backward movement of the blood into the venous system impossible.—St. Louis Repub-

Reptiles Ruled the World.

There was a time "in the wide revolving shades of centuries past" when the globe was wholly in the possession of walking, swimming and flying reptiles. Being the dominant type, they divided

naturally into three great classes.

In the oceans they became gigantic paddling enaliosaurians. On dry land, or rather, wet land, for the whole face of the globe was doubtless a quagmire at that time, they became monstrons erect dinesaurians, some of which had legs 15 feet or more it length.

Those which inhabited the regions of

the air were the terrible flying pterodactyls.
For a vast but unknown length of time these awful creatures literally ruled

the earth. Then one by one they died out in the face of the younger and more vigorous fauna, until at the present time only a few miniature alligators and crocodiles, a few toy snakes and skulking lizards and gecke remain as reminders of the enormous rep tilian types that once crowded land and sea. -New York Dispatch

"You know those people that live in that two story house across the way-the Gumpersons or some such name?'

"I have a passing acquaintance with them; speak to them when I meet any of them on the street. Well, one of the girls stopped me while I was out walking the other morning. She said, 'Miss Highfly, your house wasn't broken into last night and robbed, was it? I said: 'No. Why?' And she said: 'I'm glad to hear it. I dreamed last night sometady had got inty your house through the kitchen window and stolen ever so many valuable things. Think of the presumption of it! Dream ing about us! And they are at ail."—Chicago Tribune. And they aren't in our se

The early pens were so expensive that the steel pen makers advertised that they would make such repairs as were necessar to their pons for a stated time, generall about six months. When a man damaged his pen, he carried it back to the factory and had it mended by an experienced mechanic.

It is with many enterprises as with striking fire-we do not meet with success except by reiterated efforts, and often at the instant when we despaired of success. -Mme, de Maintenon.

The legs and tentacles of the common barnacle form an effective net, by which all small animals and insects coming sufficiently near are entangled.

Sallow complexion,

dull yellow eyes, offensive breath, and skin covered with pimples and erup-tions are caused by

Dr. Deane's Pills.

indigestion. Bright eyes, a clear skin, and rosy cheeks Dyspepsia follow the use of Dr. Deane's Dyspepsia Pills. White wrapper if consti-

pated, yellow if bowels are loose.

Eat good food and avoid all pills and other medicines which simply act on the bowels.

DR. J. A. DEANE CO., Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE.

Those having brick and stone work or vitrified brick pavements to be laid would do well to call on or address

J.T. FALLS. The Practical Contractor and Builder.

Also all kinds of carpenter-work, plastering, painting, kalsomining, and paper hanging done on short notice. All work guaranteed. J. T. FALLS,

No. 118 Fifth Avenue N. E. Roanoke, Va.

Ramon's Liver PIII removes the bile. The Tonic Pellet tones up the system.
Combined form a Perfect Treatment. 25c.

LEGAL NOTICES.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.

Valuable Mineral Springs and farming Lands for Sale.

O'clock a. m., I will sell on the premises, at public auction, that valuable and beautiful property known as

o'clock a.m., I will sell on the premises, at erty known as erty known as erty known as RGGLESTON'S, or NEW RIVER WHITE SUL-PHUR SPRINGS.

This property consists of about 500 acres of good farming land, several valuable mineral springs, long and widely known for their medicinal qualities, and an hotel and cottages. It is situated in Giles county on the east bank of New River in the most picturesque portion of that stream, and within one-haif mile of Eggleston's depot on the Nortolk and Western railroad.

It will be hard to find a more charming place for a summer resort, or a better chance to invest in farming lands.

I sell as oommissioner of Montgomery circuit court in the chancery suits of Wood, March & Co., and Orsin Adams vs. Wm. **ggleston ct. als.** and Wm. **Eggleston vs. the New River Sulphur Springs Co. ct., als.

TERMS OF SALE:—One-fourth cash, balance on credit of one, two and three years, equal instainments, for which bonds with good security, bearing interest, will be required.

Possession given as soon as the sale is confirmed by the court. ARCHERA A PHLEGAR.

Christiansburg, Va., Feb. 4, 1890.

I, John C. Harless, clerk of Montgomery circuit court do certify clerk.

I, John C. Harlers, clerk of Montgomery circuit court, do certify that A. A. Phiegar, the special commissioner appointed to sell the lands nuder a decree in sui of Wood, Mareh & Co. and Orsin Adams vs. Wm. Eggleston et als., and Wm. Eggleston vs. The New River Suiphur Springs Co. et als. has executed the bond required by the decree. Given under my hand this 4th day of February, 1896. JOHN C. HARLESS, Clerk. 2121d

In Circuit Court for Roanore City.

Big Stony Railwey Co., complainants, ve. Frank Woodman and sis., in chancery, to Frank Woodman and sis., in chancery, to Frank Woodman and Robt. Ballard: Take notice that ON THE 24TH DAY OF MARCH, 1896, at the office of Vines & Williams, Terry building, in the city of Roanoks, Virginia, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 6 p. m. of that day, we shall proceed to take the depositions of John Sweet and others, to be read as evidence in our behalf in a certain suit in equity depending in the circuit court for the city of Roanoks, wherein we are plaintiff and you are defendent; and if from any cause the taking of the said depositions be not commenced, or if commenced, be not concluded on that day, the taking thereof will be adjourned from time to time at the same place and between the same hours, until the same shall be completed.

THE BIG STONY RAILWAY COMPANY

THE BIG STONY RAILWAY COMPANY. Vines & Williams, p q. 223 sir 4 wke.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DECREE OF THE hustings court for the city of Roanoke, Virginia, entered on the Siat day of Jannary, 1896, in the chancery cause of Noite and Scholtz against Virginia Brewing Company et als, therein pending, I will on SATURDAY, THE TH DAY OF MARCH, 1896, at 11 o'clock a. m., offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the court house for the city of Roanoke, Virginia, sixty (60) shares of the capital stock of the Virginia Brewing Company of the par value of \$10, per share, evidenced by certificates of stock issued in the name of William G. Noite as follows:

purchase-money may be paid in cash on day of sale.

The purchaser will be required immediately upon the above stock being sold to him to esticify the undersigned commissioner of the good faith of his hid by the payment of the cash payment above required, and in the event of his failure to do so the stock will be immediately resold to the highest bidder.

S. D. FERGUSON, Special Commissioner.
The above commissioner has executed bond as required by the above mentioned decree.

2 21-td 15d.

S. S. BROOKE, Clerk

TRUSTRE'S SALE-ON THE 1TTH DAY OF MARCH, 1806, I WILL, AT 12 O'CLOCK M., offer for sale, in front of the courthouse of the city of Rosnoke, at public anction, the following described parcel of land situated in the city of Rosnoke.

city of Rosnoke, at public anceton, the following described parcel of land situated in the city of Rosnoke:

Beginning at a point on the south side of Shenandosh avenue 100 feet east of Park street, thence with said avenue 200 feet to a point, thence road line, thence with said line west 200 feet to a point, thence north 130 feet to the place of beginning, and known as lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, in section 12, and known as lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, in section 12, and known as lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, in section 12, and known as lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, in section 12, and known as lots 3, 4, 5 and 6, in section 12, and Houston addition to the cition of Rosnoke. This sale is made under the authority contained in a deed of trust from the Traders' investment Company to the undersigned, dated the 26th day of May, 1892, and recorded in the clerk's office of the hustings court for the city of Rosnoke in deed rook 33, page 175. The amount due under this deed is \$5,000, with interest thereon from the first day of August 1895.

TERMS OF SALE:—Cash as to the costs of sale, as well as the amount due under this deed of trust, and the remainder on a credit of one and two years from date of sale, which credit payments shall be evidenced by the notes of the purchaser, secured by a deed of trust on the premises conveyed. LUCIAN H. COCKE.

Trustee.

premises, secured by a deed of trust on the premises conveyed. LUCIAN II. COCKE, 214 td. Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE:—ON THE 17TH DAY OF MARUH, 1896, AT12 O'CLOCK M., in fro-t of the courthouse of the city of Roanoke, I will offer for sale, at public anction, the following described parcel of land, situated in said city: Beginning at a point on the south side of Marshall street 100 test from the south-side of Marshall street 100 test from the south-side of Marshall street 28 degrees 10 minutes cast 159 feet to a point, on Moorman road, hence south 21 degrees 50 minutes west 77 feet to a point, thence north 68 degrees 10 minutes west 125 feet to a point, thence south 21 degrees 50 minutes west 22 feet to an alley, thence with said alley north 68 degrees 10 minutes west 125 feet to a point, thence rorth 21 degrees 50 minutes east 100 feet to the place of beginning. This said is made by virtue of the authority contained in a certain deed of trust from Francis B. Kemp to the inderging, dated the 10th day of November, 1892, and recorded in the clerk's office of the hostings court of the city of Roanoke, in deed book 83, page 571.

Page 371.
TERMS OF SALE:—Cash se to the costs of TERMS OF SALE:—Cash rs to the costs of sale, as well as the sum of \$1.360, with interest thereon from the 10th day of November, 1892; and as to the residue, upon a credit of one and two years from the day of sale, with interest from said date, said deferred payments to be secured by a deed of trust upon the premises conveyed.

214 td LUCIAN H. COCKE, Trustee.

LEGAL NOTICES. D. FERGUSON VS. THE VINTON LAND
Improvement Company of Roanoke, Va., et als. In chancery in the hustings court, for the city of Roanoke, Va.

As Improvement Company of Roanoke, Va., et als. In chancery in the hustings court, for the city of Roanoke, Va.; a corporation; the To the Vinton Land Improvement Company, of Roanoke, Va., a corporation; the Bank of Christiansburg, a corporation; the Fidelity Lcan and Trust Company, a corporation; the Fidelity Lcan and Trust Company, a corporation; the State Savings Bank, a corporation; J. V. Waggoner, Frankiln Rogers, C. S. Morriss, J. B. Lowenburg, C. H. Hey, Fannie B. Binford, executix of J. M. Binford, deceased; R. W. Stairs, B. A. Johnson, C. D. Jorden, D. Lowenburg, E. V. White and Chas. H. Williams, Partners as Williams and Chas. H. Williams, partners as Williams Bros.; Charles T. Parrish, administrator of James Parrish, deceased; J. Hecht, McD L. Wrein, A C. F. Carner, C. E. Verdier, W. J. Shephard, K. M. S. Whortley, J. V. Cosby, Henry Kirn, P. W. Adams, C. C. Perason, R. P. Walker, John W. Gordon, L. Royster, W. L. Priene, William A. Wrein, administrator of Tromas J. Nottingham, R. A. Doble, R. B. Taylor, S. A. Nottingham, R. A. Doble, R. B. Taylor, S. A. Nottingham, R. A. Bockover, J. F. Christian, S. Hamburger, Geo. Gravatt, G. F. Christian, S. Hamburger, Geo. Gravatt, Gr. Mire, M. A. Darles, William A. Wrein, S. A. Rice, H. C. Barbam, M. T. C. Jordan, M. T. C. Jordan, Jos. A. Rice, H. C. Precton, William A. Wrein, S. A. Rice, H. C. Precton, William A. Wrein, S. A. Rice, H. C. Precton, William A. Wrein, S. A. Rice, H. C. Precton, William A. Wrein, S. A. Rice, H. C. Precton, William A. Wrein, S. A. Rice, H. C. Precton, William A. Wrein, S. A. Rice, H. C. Precton, William A. Wrein, S. A. Rice, H. C. Precton, William A. Wrein, S. A. Rice, H. C. Precton, William A. Wrein, S. A. Rice, H. C. Precton, William A. Wrein, S. A. Rice, H. C. Prience, partners as Firebee and M. C. Firebee, partners as Firebee and M. C. Firebee, and M. C. Preceased; A. B. Dickinson, A. N. Derr, administrator d. b. n. with will abnezed of R. U. Derr, deceased; A. B. Dickinson, A. N. Derr, administrator d. b. n. with will abnezed o

ler, administrator of S. D. Puller, decased; A. B. Dickinson, A. N. Derr, administrator d. b. n. with will annexed of R. U. Derr, decassed; A. B. Dickinson, A. N. Derr, administrator d. b. n. with will annexed of R. U. Derr, decassed; J. R. M. Hankle, H. L. Page, J. W. Old and N. Burruss;
You and each of you are hereby notified that pursuant to a decree of reference entered by the corporation court for the city of Roanoke, Virginia, on January Sist, 1896, in the cause in chancery pending in said court in the shove short style, wherein you are defendants, i will at my office in the Kirk Baring in the city of Roanoke, Virginia, on Tuesday, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10 o'clock, a. n. process, March 10ta, 1896, at 10ta, 18

TRUSTRE'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF A DEBD of trust dated 22d day of February, 1893, and recorded in the clerk's office of the hustings court, city of hoanolek, in deed book 83, page 215, in which hobert J. Hawkins conveyed to the undersigned trustee certain real estate therein set out, in trust to secure to R. H. Woodrum payment of the sum of \$1,037.50, as therein evidenced, and default having been made in the payment of part of the said debt, and being requested so to do by the holder thereof, I shall, on TUESDAY, MARCH 10, 1895, in front of the courtbouse in the city of Roanoke, proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, all the property conveyed in said deed, to wit:

That certain lot, or parcel of land, situate in the city of Roanoke, with the improvements thereon, beginning at a point on the southside of the Norfolk and Western railroad \$5 feet more or less from the northeast corner of what is known as the "Hambrick" property lying on the north side of the tracks, being and frouting on the Norfolk and Western railroad; thence with the Norfolk and Western railroad; thence with the Norfolk and Western railroad in an easterly direction 22 feet more or less to the northwest corner of property soid to Emma Turner by R. H. Woodrum, and running back between parallel lines 99 feet more or less to 0 foot wide alley.

TERMS—Cash as to the sum of \$437.75, together with the cost of executing this trust and any unpuled taxes due on excenting this trust and any unpuled taxes due on foot my payments of \$12.50 each, beginning to fail due on 22d day of each month consecutively thereafter from Pobruary 22, 1893, until paid, balance, if any, payable in one and two years after date with interest, deferred payments to be evidenced by negotiable notes of the purchases and secured by deed of trust on the property sold.

27-20d S. W. JAMISON, Trustee.

decedof trust on the property sold.

2730d

S. W. JAMISON, Trustee.

TRUSTER'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL

catate.—By virtue of a deed of trust, executed by Bnoch Phillips and his wife, Jane Phillips, to the undersigned trustee, dated the 10th day of January, 1893, recorded in the office of the clerk of the cuntry count of ginia, in deed of trust book No. 8. page 234, and in the office of the clerk of the hustings court of the city of Roanoke, Va., in deed book No. 82, pages 333, etc., to seem in deed book No. 82, pages 333, etc., to seem to J. W. Eckman the payment of a note therein described, executed by Bnoch Phillips and Fhillips, his wife, dated January 16th, 1893, detailt having been made in the payment of sale of a feath thaving been made in the payment of sale of the trust by the said J. W. Eckman, the holder of said note. It will proceed on the 27TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1896, at 20 clock, m. of that day, to sell by way of public anction, to the highest bidder for cash, at the form door of the courthouse of the hustings court of the city of Roanoke, Va., the following described real entact, situated in said etcy of Roanoke, view of the court of the city of Roanoke, Va. the following described real estate, situated in said edeed of trust, to wit. First. That certain lot or parcel of land on one of the series, and running back between paid lines 150 feet, and being the lot or parcel of land conveyed to Enoch Phillips by O Howard Royer and his wife, by deed dated November 11th, 1890, and recorded in the office of the clerk of the hustings court of the city of Roanoke, 25 by 100 feet, being lot No. 1, in section 3, as shown by the maps of the Clerk of the hustings court of the city of Roanoke, 25 by 100 feet, being lot No. 1, in section 3, as shown by the maps of the Clerk of the proceeds of the clerk of the hustings court of the city of Roanoke, 25 by 100 feet, being lot No. 1, in section 3, as shown by the maps of the Clerk of the proceeds of the clerk of the hustings court of the city of Roanoke, 25 by 100 feet,

wit:

Three certain lots or parcels of land on Lexington street in said town, being lots Nos. 10, 11 and
12, in section 138, as shown by the official map of
the town of Pulaski, and being the same lots or
parcels of land conveyed by the Martin Land and
Improvement Company to said Exoch Phillips, by
deed dated December 15th, 1892.

BENJ. BLOCKSEDGE, Trustee.

January 23rd, 1896.

N. B—The amount of the debt secured as above, is, as of this day, \$1,714.00, with legal interest thereon from August 21st. 1894. sabject to a credit of \$1,100.00, as of the 20th day of October, 1805.

TRUSTRE'S SALE,—BY VIRTUE OF A deed of trust dated the 18th day of July, 1892, recorded in olerk's office of hustings court for city of Roanoke, Va., in deed book 78, page 155, in which R. H. Woodrum and Aana T. Woodrum, his wile, conveyed to the andersigned certain real estate therein described, in trust to secure to the Roanoke Trust, Loan and Safe Deposit Company the sum of \$1,800, as therein bed out; and default having been made in the payment of said debt, and having been requested so to do by the holder thereof, is shall, ON SATURDAY. THE 14TH DAY OF MARCH, 1898, AT 12 O'CLOUK NOON, in front of the courthouse in the city of Roanoke, Va., proceed to sell at publicanction to the highest buder all that certain lot or parcel of land lying in the city of Roanoke, Va., on the north side of Campbell avenue and known as lot 15, section 16, on plat and map in F. Rorer's town lots made by Edward S. Hutter, surveyor. This property has on it a good two-story frame dwelling and ta situated in one of the best residence sections of the city.

TERMS—Cash as to the cost of executing that trust, including trustee's commission of 5 per cent, and the sum of \$1,469.95, together with any unpaid taxes that may be due. Balance, if any, payable in one and two years from date of sale, with interest, deterred payyons to be evidenced by negotiable notes and recovered by deed of trust on the property sold.

S. W. Jamison,